

# VOLUE

GUIDANCE
RECOGNITION AND
VALIDATION OF
LEARNING IN
VOLUNTEERING









# This guidance is for

- **Organisations** who plan to develop (or to enhance) their own recognition and validation strategy
- **Volunteers** who want to reflect and show what they have achieved in volunteering
- Employers to explore the hidden potential of (future) staff

The measures organisations take to acknowledge, assess and make transparent what a volunteer has gained through volunteering depend on many things. A validation and recognition strategy cannot just be copied.

This guidance may help to get the process around recognition and validation (**R+V**) started.

# What do we understand by recognition of learning?

Acknowledgement of new and existing skills and knowledge developed

# What do we understand by validation of learning?

"Validation is based on the assessment of the individual's learning outcomes and may result in a certificate or diploma" (www.cedefop.europa.eu)

# Why is it useful for **volunteers** to work on R+V?

Recognition of learning can bring different benefits to volunteers, for example:

- personal development
- higher quality of their volunteer activities
- capability to move into other kinds of volunteering
- part-credit for (vocational) education/qualification
- improved position in the labour market



# Why is it useful for **organisations working with volunteers** to have an R+V strategy?

# Recognition of learning can:

- contribute to the way the organisation rewards the volunteers
- attract new volunteers
- help to develop partnerships with other stakeholders





# Also **employers** can benefit from recognition of learning in volunteering!

It can help employers to:

- Become aware of the value of volunteering
- Discover hidden talents of their employees
- Find new employees who can offer something special
- Encourage and benefit from "employee volunteering"
- Promote Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

There is evidence that volunteering enhances people's competencies: A research study of the City of London (www.cityoflondon.gov.uk) on learning and development of 546 volunteers working in schools and colleges shows that volunteers reflect develop-ment of skills and competencies across a broad range of business-relevant areas, e.g.

- Communication skills, including the ability to communicate clearly and concisely with a wide range of people and listen actively.
- Ability to help others, set individual performance goals, coach and counsel, provide training and development and evaluate performance.
- Adaptability and ability to be effective in different surroundings and with different tasks, responsibilities and people.
- Influencing and negotiating skills, including persuading others, resolving conflicts and negotiating agreed solutions.



# Things to consider

How to develop an R+V strategy

### Why do we want it?

More accreditation of volunteering? Development of competences? Feedback? Raising employability? Self-Assessment of Volunteers? Enhance volunteer management?

#### Who wants it?

The volunteer? The organisation? Politicians?

# Who are our target groups?

Potential employers? Wider Society? Politicians? Volunteers? What are their wishes and needs?

How to make the tool more attractive?

#### Which resources are available?

People? Time? Financial resources?

.. and finally: Which tools and methods should be used?

# Examples for tools and methods to recognize and validate learning in volunteering

### **Get inspired!**

- Testimonies
- Awards
- Events

- Benefits
- Certificates
- Accreditation for formal learning
- Training
- "Thank you"
- Continuous support



#### What do you want to achieve through recognition:

- to provide a qualification for volunteers?
- to show employers what volunteers can achieve?
- to help volunteers to understand what they have learned?
- to attract more volunteers to your organisation?
- to develop partnerships with new organisations?



What evidence can you collect to show that volunteers have learned?

The more formal the recognition, the more resource is required to collect and record this.

Qualifications can be more difficult to transfer to new situations, but generic skills like team working, time keeping can be more easily understood and transferred.

## Recommendations

- Maintain the "unique value" of volunteering
- No rating of instruments
- R+V is complementary to other support forms
- Individual solutions instead of predefinition of standards
- R+V on demand only no devaluation if people do not see a need to do this
- Certificates make only sense when they are approved
- Be aware of the effects of R+V on the volunteers
- Create transparency of R+V strategies to all concerned
- Consider the effort



#### **COLOPHON**

This publication has been produced in the framework of the Grundtvig Learning Partnership "VOLUE" (formal name: "Recognition of non formal learning in voluntary work").

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Open College Network (Sweden)
Deutsches Jugend Institut (Germany)
Volunteer Development Scotland (United Kingdom)
CARDO (Slovakia)
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This project has been funded with support from the European Commission.

This publication reflects the views only of the project partners, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein.





